

Reasons for staff leaving

REASON	NUMBER	% OF TOTAL NO. OF STAFF LEAVING
Death	0	-
Resignation	1	11.1%
Dismissal	0	-
Retirement	1	11.1%
Ill health	0	-
Expiry of contract	3	33.3%
Other	4	44.5%
Total	9	100%

Labour relations: Misconduct and disciplinary action

NATURE OF DISCIPLINARY ACTION	NUMBER
Verbal Warning	0
Written Warning	0
Final Written Warning	0
Dismissal	0

Equity target and employment equity status

LEVEL	MALE							
	AFRICAN		COLOURED		INDIAN		WHITE	
	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET
Top Management	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Management	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional qualified	7	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
Skilled	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Semi-skilled	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unskilled	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	16	2	-	3	-	2	-	2

LEVEL	FEMALE							
	AFRICAN		COLOURED		INDIAN		WHITE	
	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET
Top Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Management	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Professional qualified	5	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
Skilled	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Semi-skilled	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unskilled	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	14	1	-	2	-	2	2	2

LEVEL	STAFF LIVING WITH DISABILITIES			
	MALE		FEMALE	
	CURRENT	TARGET	CURRENT	TARGET
Top Management	-	-	-	-
Senior Management	-	-	-	-
Professional qualified	1	-	-	1
Skilled	-	-	-	-
Semi-skilled	-	-	-	-
Unskilled	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1	-	-	1



PART E | PFMA COMPLIANCE REPORT

Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	2024/2025 R'000	2023/2024 R'000
Details of Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure		
Opening balances	129	52
Add: Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	-	77
Less: Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure recoverable	-	-
Closing balances	129	129
Reconciliation notes to the annual financial statement disclosure		
Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure that was under assessment in 2023/24	-	-
Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure that relates to 2023/2024 and identified in 2024/2025	-	-
Fruitless and Wasteful expenditure for the current year	-	77
	-	77
Details of Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure - current year		
Incident	-	-

Irregular Expenditure	2024/2025 R'000	2023/2024 R'000
Details of Irregular Expenditure		
Opening balances: Irregular Expenditure	22,697	15,879
Adjustment to opening balance	-	(134)
Opening Balance as restated	22,697	15,745
Add: Irregular Expenditure current year	2,958	6,952
Less: Irregular Expenditure condoned / recovered	-	-
Closing balances	25,655	22,697

Reconciliation notes to the annual financial statement disclosure

Irregular Expenditure that was under assessment in 2023/24	-	-
Irregular Expenditure that relates to 2023/2024 and identified in 2024/2025	-	-
Irregular expenditure for the current year	2,958	6,952
Irregular expenditure that relate to multi contracts that was not condoned or written off	-	-
	2,958	6,952

Details of Irregular Expenditure - current year

Incident	
Non-compliance with the PFMA and the Preference Procurement Regulations - Office Space Lease	677
Non-compliance with the PPR 2022	287
Non-compliance with PFMA SCM Instruction Note 3 of 2021/2022, No contract exist	629
NON - Compliance Expenditure Incurred on expired contract	5
Appointment of a Management Official which did not comply with applicable recruitment and selection policies	1,360
	2,958
Deviation - Refer Tab - Deviation Register 2025	8,069
Contract Variations and Expansions Register 2025	4,947
Procurement by other means for the 2024/25	13,015

Information on payment of supplier's invoices

	Number of invoices R'000	Value R'000
Valid invoices received	329	5 419
Invoices paid within 30 days or agreed period	260	5 154
Invoices paid after 30 days or agreed period	69	265
Invoices older than 30 days or agreed period (<i>unpaid and without dispute</i>)	-	-
Invoices older than 30 days or agreed period (<i>unpaid and in dispute</i>)	-	-

Information on supply chain management

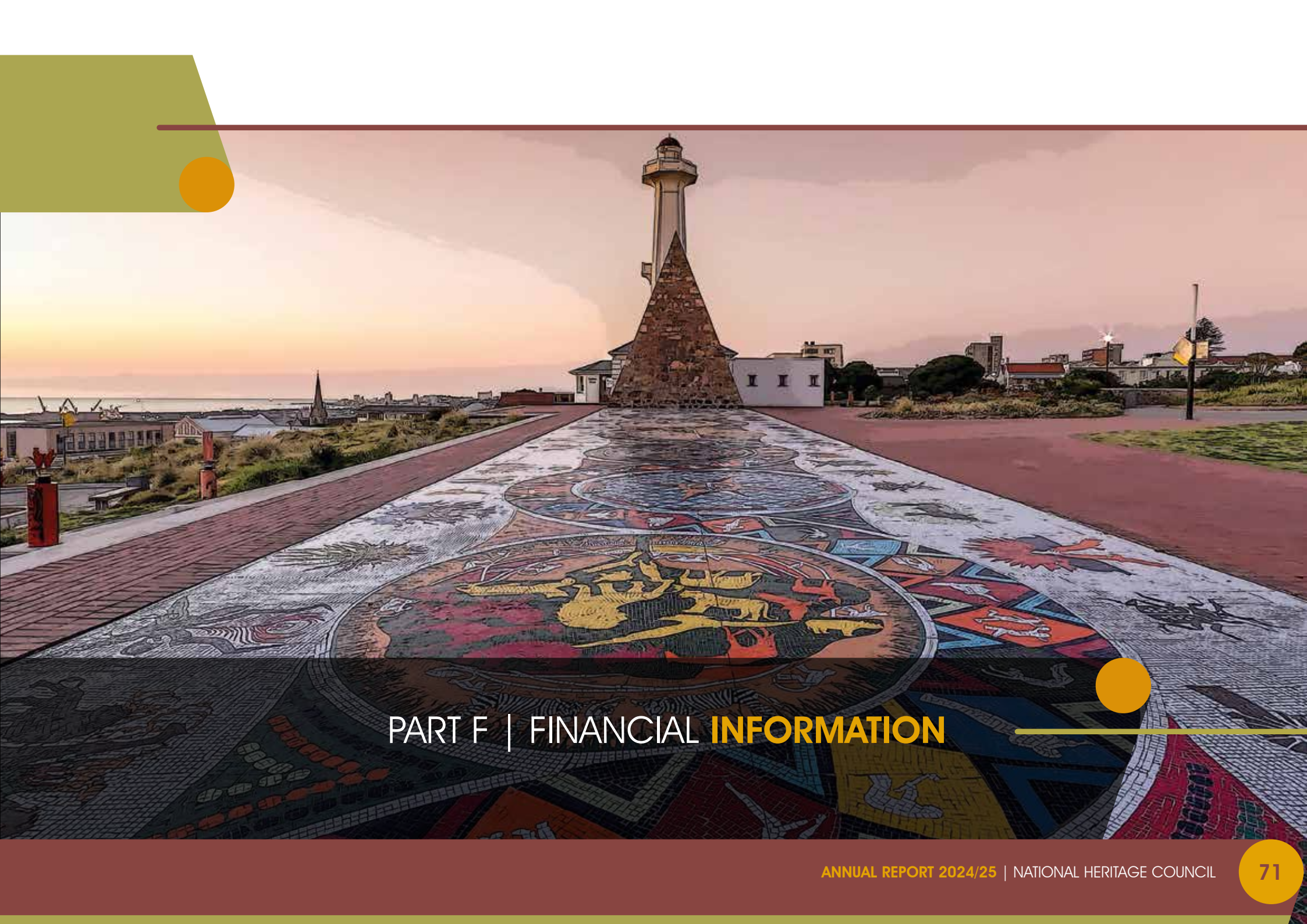
Deviation Register 2025

Procurement by other means: Format of disclosure 2024/2025

Project description	Name of supplier	Type of procurement by other means	Contract number	Value of contract R'000
Request for approval to deviation from normal SCM procedures to continue with the Grant Management System offered by Praxis Computing	Praxis Computing	Sole supplier	PO24595	2 267
Renewal of Sage Evolution license fee	Sage	Sole supplier	PO24746	68
Renewal of Easy Intelligence Reporting Software license fee	Malbo Solutions	Sole supplier	PO24748	85
Membership with IODSA	Institute of Directors (IODSA)	Sole supplier	PO24749	50
RT3-2018 Office automation for 3 months	TSL Telecommunication and Automation	Single source		25
Asset valuation reports	Peza Consulting	Single source	PO24762	72
Request for deviation from normal SCM processes to procure ICT migration and installation services for the new office uilding from The Facilities Company responsible for the Tenant Installation	The Facilities Company (Pty) Ltd	Single source	PO24812	4 633
Request for deviation from the SCM process for single source to procure the conference and accommodation for Council meeting at Mapungubwe National Park	South African National Parks (SanParks)	Single source	PO24886	106
Request to deviate from normal SCM process to procure the technical riders for GOSHA main artist	On the Button Services (Pty) Ltd	Single source	PO25117	15
Request to deviate from normal SCM process to procure catering services for GOSHA from the Cape Town International Convention Centre	Cape Town International Convention Centre (CTICC)	Single source	PO25116	188
Request to deviate from normal SCM processes to procure catering services for HESOP 2024 to be held in Tsitsikamma from 23 to 17 September 2024	Cattle Baron	Single source	PO25136	111
Request for approval for the deviation from normal SCM processes for the acquiition of framed certificates for the Golden Sheild National Heritage Awards on 16 September 2024	The Frame and Art Company (Pty) Ltd	Single source	PO25121	17
Request for approval for the deviation from normal SCM processes for the acquiition of décor services for the Golden Sheild National Heritage Awards on 16 September 2024	Spring Forest Trading t/a Rosy's Event Design and Décor	Single source	PO25113	160
Request for approval for the deviation from normal SCM processes for the rental of LED screens and monitors for the Golden Shield National Heritage Awards on 16 September 2024.	E-Flat Productions	Single source	PO25112	312
Request for approval for the deviation from normal Supply Chain Management processs for the subscription of the Mindex Library System	Mindex Systems	Sole supplier	PO25919	21
				8 130

Deviation and expansions: Format of disclosure 2024/2025

Project description	Name of Supplier	Contract modification type (Expansion or Variation)	Contract number	Original contract value R'000	Value of previous contract expansion/s or variation/s (if applicable) R'000	Value of current contract expansion or variation R'000
Request for approval of the variation of the original order PO23901 issued to Hamba Umhlaba Travel	Hamba Umhlaba Travel	Variation	PO23901	39	-	2
Request for the approval for PO24218 of Raytoo (Pty) Ltd for the Council Strategy Renew Workshop and Meeting held on 22 and 23 January 2024 at Hartebeestpoort	Raytoo (Pty) Ltd	Expansion	PO24218	139	-	15
Request for approval of the variation of Cowan Harper Madikizela for policy review	Cowan Harper Madikizela Attorneys	Variation	PO23536	895	-	95
Change of rental vehicle to accommodate 2 passengers and luggage for an extended period	Lehello Travel	Variation	PO24590	114	-	9
Request for approval for the variation of the 2022/23 annual report extra pages to be printed	45th Media	Expansion	PO23757	86	-	8
Request for approval of the variation on office accommodation - Tenant Installation (TI) allowance	The Facilities Company	Expansion	PO24812	33 886	-	4 730
Request for approval for the variation on the deviation from normal SCM processes for the rental of LED screens and monitors to include videography, photography and audiovisual services at the Golden Shield National Heritage Awards on 16 September 2024.	E-Flat Productions	Expansion	PO25112	312	-	89
				35 471	0	4 948



PART F | FINANCIAL **INFORMATION**

1. STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The Accounting Authority is required by the Public Finance Management Act (Act 1 of 1999), to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report.

It is the responsibility of the Accounting Authority to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the National Heritage Council as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended. The external auditors are responsible for reporting on the fair presentation of the annual financial statements.

The Annual Financial Statements are based on Generally Recognised Accounting Practice and accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates.

The Accounting Authority acknowledges that it is ultimately responsible for the system of internal controls established by the National Heritage Council and places considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the Accounting Authority to meet these responsibilities, the National Heritage Council set standards for internal controls aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost-effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the National Heritage Council and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring that the National Heritage Council's business is conducted in a manner that, in all reasonable circumstances, is above reproach.

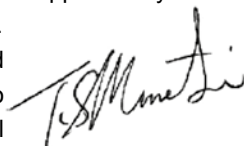
The focus of risk management in the National Heritage Council is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all forms of risk known to the National Heritage Council. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the National Heritage Council endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The Accounting Authority is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by Management that the system of internal controls provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial controls can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Accounting Authority has reviewed the National Heritage Council's cash flow for the year ended 31 March 2025 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, is satisfied that the National Heritage Council has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The National Heritage Council is mainly dependent on the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture for continued funding of operations. The financial statements are prepared on the basis that the National Heritage Council is a going concern and that the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate or scale down the functions of the National Heritage Council materially.

The financial statements, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the Accounting Authority on 29 July 2025.



Dr T. Manetsi
Chief Executive Officer
31 July 2025



Mr S. Masemola
Chairperson Of Council
31 July 2025

2. REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL TO PARLIAMENT ON THE NATIONAL HERITAGE COUNCIL OF SOUTH AFRICA

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Qualified opinion

1. I have audited the financial statements of the National Heritage Council of South Africa set out on pages 80 to 116, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, cash flow statement and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, as well as notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
2. In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the basis for qualified opinion section of this auditor's report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the National Heritage Council of South Africa as at 31 March 2025 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) and the requirements of the Public Finance Management Act 1 of 1999 (PFMA).

Basis for qualified opinion

Prepayments and advances

3. The entity did not implement adequate internal controls over the expensing of prepayments as required by *GRAP 1: Presentation of Financial Statements*. As a result, certain amounts that should not have been expensed were incorrectly expensed, and some amounts that should have been expensed were not expensed. Consequently, prepayments and advances stated at R59 698 000 (2023-24: R75 839 000) in note 5 to the financial statements were overstated. This also affects the surplus for the period and the accumulated surplus.

Context for opinion

4. I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the responsibilities of the auditor-general for the audit of the financial statements section of my report.

5. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* (IESBA code) as well as other ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.
6. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

Emphasis of matter

7. As disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements, the corresponding figures for 31 March 2024 were restated as a result of an error in the financial statements of the entity at, and for the year ended, 31 March 2024.

Responsibilities of the accounting authority for the financial statements

8. The accounting authority is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the GRAP and the requirements of the PFMA; and for such internal control as the accounting authority determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
9. In preparing the financial statements, the accounting authority is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the appropriate governance structure either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Responsibilities of the auditor-general for the audit of the financial statements

10. My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance

with the ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

11. A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the annexure to this auditor's report. This description, which is located at page 77, forms part of my auditor's report.

Report on the annual performance report

12. In accordance with the Public Audit Act 25 of 2004 (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I must audit and report on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information against predetermined objectives for the selected material performance indicators presented in the annual performance report. The accounting authority is responsible for the preparation of the annual performance report.

13. I selected the following material performance indicators related to Heritage promotion and sustainable development presented in the annual performance report for the year ended 31 March 2024. I selected those indicators that measure the public entity's performance on its primary mandated functions and that are of significant national, community or public interest.

- Number of events, festivals, ceremonies and sites associated with living heritage coordinated or supported
- Number of heritage resource partnerships with royal houses implemented
- Number of heritage education initiatives implemented
- Number of indigenous knowledge seminars/ dialogues hosted
- National inventory produced and updated
- Number of heritage exchange programmes implemented / participated in.
- Number of research and policy initiatives developed/produced
- Number of resistance and liberation heritage route (RLHR)-related community engagements programmes implemented / participated in
- Number of RLHR-related multilateral engagement implemented/participated in.
- Number of engagements on the African Liberation Heritage Programme

- Number of engagements in the World Heritage Programme achieved
- Number of provincial resistance and liberation heritage route (RLHR) sites supported for development
- Number of heritage sites and resources identified and supported to be commercially viable for the benefit of women, youth and people with disability
- Number of partnerships established to enhance the economic benefit of heritage (categorised government; private sector; civil society; international)

14. I evaluated the reported performance information for the selected material performance indicators against the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice. When an annual performance report is prepared using these criteria, it provides useful and reliable information and insights to users on the entity's planning and delivery on its mandate and objectives.

15. I performed procedures to test whether:

- the indicators used for planning and reporting on performance can be linked directly to the entity's mandate and the achievement of its planned objectives
- all the indicators relevant for measuring the entity's performance against its primary mandated and prioritised functions and planned objectives are included
- the indicators are well defined to ensure that they are easy to understand and can be applied consistently, as well as verifiable so that I can confirm the methods and processes to be used for measuring achievements
- the targets can be linked directly to the achievement of the indicators and are specific, time bound and measurable to ensure that it is easy to understand what should be delivered and by when, the required level of performance as well as how performance will be evaluated
- the indicators and targets reported on in the annual performance report are the same as those committed to in the approved initial or revised planning documents
- the reported performance information is presented in the annual performance report in the prescribed manner
- there is adequate supporting evidence for the achievements reported and for the reasons provided for any over- or underachievement of targets / measures taken to improve performance.

16. I performed the procedures to report material findings only; and not to express an assurance opinion or conclusion.
17. I did not identify any material findings on the reported performance information for the selected indicators.

Other matter

18. I draw attention to the matter below.

Achievement of planned targets

19. The annual performance report includes information on reported achievements against planned targets and provides explanations for over- or under achievements.

Material misstatements

20. I identified material misstatements in the annual performance report submitted for auditing. These material misstatements were in the reported performance information for Heritage promotion and sustainable development programme. Management subsequently corrected all the misstatements, and I did not include any material findings in this report.

Report on compliance with legislation

21. In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I must audit and report on compliance with applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters. The accounting authority is responsible for the entity's compliance with legislation.
22. I performed procedures to test compliance with selected requirements in key legislation in accordance with the findings engagement methodology of the Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA). This engagement is not an assurance engagement. Accordingly, I do not express an assurance opinion or conclusion.
23. Through an established AGSA process, I selected requirements in key legislation for compliance testing that are relevant to the financial and performance management of the entity, clear to allow consistent measurement and evaluation, while also sufficiently detailed and readily available to report in an understandable manner. The selected legislative requirements are included in the annexure to this auditor's report.

24. The material findings on compliance with the selected legislative requirements, presented per compliance theme, are as follows:

Annual financial statements and annual report

25. The financial statements submitted for auditing were not prepared in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework, as required by section 55(1)(b) of the PFMA.
26. Material misstatement of receivables, prepayment write-offs, operating and capital commitments, contingent liabilities and statement of budget and actual comparison disclosure identified by the auditors in the submitted financial statements were corrected, but the uncorrected material misstatements in prepayments and advances resulted in the financial statements receiving a qualified opinion.

Procurement and contract management

27. Some of the invitations for competitive bidding were not advertised for a required minimum period, as required by Treasury Regulation 16A6.3(c).
28. Some of the goods and services were procured without obtaining at least three written price quotations in accordance with Treasury Regulation 16A6.1 and paragraph 3.2.1 of supply chain management (SCM) instruction note 2 of 2021/22.

Expenditure management

29. Effective and appropriate steps were not taken to prevent irregular expenditure as disclosed in note 33 to the annual financial statements, as required by section 51(1)(b)(ii) of the PFMA. The majority of the irregular expenditure was caused by non-compliance with SCM laws and regulations.

Consequence management

30. I was unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence that disciplinary steps were taken against officials who had incurred irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure as required by section 51(1)(e)(iii) of the PFMA.

Other information in the annual report

31. The accounting authority is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information referred to does not include the financial statements, the auditor's report and those selected material indicators in the scoped-in programme presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported on in this auditor's report.
32. My opinion on the financial statements, the report on the audit of the annual performance report and the report on compliance with legislation do not cover the other information included in the annual report and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion on it.
33. My responsibility is to read this other information and, in doing so, consider whether it is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the selected material indicators in the scoped-in programme presented in the annual performance report or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
34. If, based on the work I have performed on the other information that I obtained prior to the date of the auditor's report, I conclude that there is a material misstatement in this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Internal control deficiencies

35. I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the financial statements, annual performance report and compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance on it.
36. The matters reported below are limited to the significant internal control deficiencies that resulted in the basis for the qualified opinion and the material findings on compliance with legislation included in this report.
37. Management did not adequately review financial reporting and compliance processes, nor consistently apply and monitor key financial management practices, including the regular recording and reconciliation of transactions. As a result, internal controls were ineffective in detecting or preventing non-compliance, and material misstatements were identified, leading to a modified auditor's opinion.

Auditor-General

Pretoria

31 July 2025



AUDITOR - GENERAL
SOUTH AFRICA

Auditing to build public confidence

Annexure to the auditor's report

The annexure includes the following:

- The auditor-general's responsibility for the audit
- The selected legislative requirements for compliance testing

Auditor-general's responsibility for the audit

Professional judgement and professional scepticism

As part of an audit in accordance with the ISAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout my audit of the financial statements and the procedures performed on reported performance information for selected material performance indicators and on the entity's compliance with selected requirements in key legislation.

Financial statements

In addition to my responsibility for the audit of the financial statements as described in this auditor's report, I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error; design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks; and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made
- conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements. I also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the entity to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion on the financial statements. My conclusions are based on the information available to me at the date of this auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease operating as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and determine whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Communication with those charged with governance

I communicate with the accounting authority regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide the accounting authority with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Compliance with legislation – selected legislative requirements

The selected legislative requirements are as follows:

Legislation	Section, regulation or paragraph
Public Finance Management Act 1 of 1999	Section 51(1)(b)(i); 51(1)(b)(ii); 51(1)(e)(iii); 53(4); 54(2)(c); 54(2)(d); 55(1)(a); 55(1)(b); 55(1)(c)(i); 56; 57(b); 66(3)(c); 66(5)
Treasury Regulations, 2005	Regulation 16A3.2; 16A3.2(a); 16A6.1; 16A6.2(a); 16A6.2(b); 16A6.3(a); 16A6.3(a); 16A6.3(b); 16A6.3(c); 16A6.3(e); 16A6.4; 16A6.5; 16A6.6; 16A.7.1; 16A.7.3; 16A.7.6; 16A8.3; 16A8.4; 16A9.1(b)(ii); 16A 9.1(d); 16A9.1(e); 16A9.1(f); 16A9.2; 16A9.2(a)(ii); 30.1.1; 31.1.2(c); 30.1.3(a); 30.1.3(b); 30.1.3(d); 30.2.1; 31.2.1; 31.2.5; 31.2.7(a); 31.3.3; 32.1.1(a); 32.1.1(b); 32.1.1(c); 33.1.1; 33.1.3
Companies Act 71 of 2008	Section 45(2); 45(3)(a)(ii); 45(3)(b)(i); 45(3)(b)(ii); 45(4); 46(1)(a); 46(1)(b); 46(1)(c); 112(2)(a); 129(7)
Construction Industry Development Board Act 38 of 2000	Section 18(1)
Construction Industry Development Board Regulations, 2004	Regulation 17; 25(7A)
National Treasury Instruction No. 5 of 2020/21	Paragraph 4.8; 4.9; 5.3
Second Amendment National Treasury Instruction No. 5 of 202/21	Paragraph 1
Erratum National Treasury Instruction No. 5 of 202/21	Paragraph 2
National Treasury Instruction No. 1 of 2021/22	Paragraph 4.1
National Treasury Instruction No. 4 of 2015/16	Paragraph 3.4
National Treasury SCM Instruction No. 4A of 2016/17	Paragraph 6
National Treasury SCM Instruction No. 03 of 2021/22	Paragraph 4.1; 4.2(b); 4.3; 4.4; 4.4(a); 4.17; 7.2; 7.6
National Treasury SCM Instruction No. 11 of 2020/21	Paragraph 3.4(a); 3.4(b); 3.9

Legislation	Section, regulation or paragraph
National Treasury SCM Instruction No. 2 of 2021/22	Paragraph 3.2.1; 3.2.4; 3.2.4(a); 3.3.1
National Treasury Practice Note 5 of 2009/10	Paragraph 3.3
National Treasury Practice Note 7 of 2009/10	Paragraph 4.1.2
Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act 5 of 2000	Section 1; 2.1(a); 2.1(f)
Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2022	Regulation 4.1; 4.2; 4.3; 4.4; 5.1; 5.2; 5.3; 5.4
Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017	Regulation 4.1; 4.2; 5.1; 5.3; 5.6; 5.7; 6.1; 6.2; 6.3; 6.6; 6.8; 7.1; 7.2; 7.3; 7.6; 7.8; 8.2; 8.5; 9.1; 10.1; 10.2; 11.1; 11.2
Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act 12 of 2004	Section 34(1)

3. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	NOTES	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets		10,887	2,210
Property, plant and equipment	2	10,788	1,847
Intangible assets	3	99	363
Current assets		174,463	213,417
Receivables from exchange transactions	4	2,221	2,029
Prepayments and advances	5	59,658	75,839
Cash and cash equivalents	6	112,584	135,549
Total Assets		185,350	215,627
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities		462	-
Long term lease liability	9	462	-
Current liabilities		130,837	169,655
Payables from exchange transactions	7	16,949	19,632
Unspent Conditional Grant	8	111,124	147,494
Finance lease obligation	9	213	-
Leave Accrual	10	959	986
Salary related provision	11	1,592	1,543
Total Liabilities		131,299	169,655
TOTAL NET ASSETS		54,051	45,974
Accumulated Surplus		54,051	45,974
NET ASSETS		54,051	45,974

4. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	NOTES	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
TOTAL REVENUE		134,528	106,021
Non-exchange revenue		131,444	102,822
Government grant/Transfer – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture	12	74,217	74,021
Conditional Grant – Conditions Met	13	57,227	28,801
Exchange revenue		3,084	3,199
Other income	14	284	205
Interest received	15	2,800	2,994
TOTAL EXPENSES		(126,451)	(102,350)
Operating expenses	16	(68,256)	(49,750)
Administrative expenses	17	(12,957)	(13,075)
Employee related costs	18	(37,189)	(35,598)
Operating lease expenses	19	(5,646)	(2,711)
Finance costs	20	-	(4)
Depreciation and Impairment	21	(2,139)	(959)
Amortisation	22	(264)	(253)
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		8,077	3,671
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR			
Attributable to:			
Owners of the controlling entity		8,077	3,671
		8,077	3,671

5. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Accumulated Surplus R'000
Balance at 1 April 2023	42,565
Surplus for the period	15,387
Balance at 1 April 2024	57,952
Prior period error	(11,980)
Restated balance 1 April 2024	45,974
Surplus for the year	8,077
Balance at 31 March 2025	54,051

6. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	NOTES	2025 R'000	2024 R'000
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
CASH RECEIPTS		106,477	143,784
Government Grant/Transfer – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture	12	74,217	74,021
Other Receipts		603	266
Conditional Grants/Transfers/ Partnerships		25,000	62,280
Interest Received		6,657	7,217
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS AND EMPLOYEES		(119,099)	(112,490)
Employee Related Costs		(37,113)	(35,991)
Suppliers		(81,986)	(76,495)
Interest Paid		-	(4)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24	(12,622)	31,294
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(10,343)	(1,175)
Acquisition of Property, plant and equipment	2	(10,343)	(687)
Acquisition of Intangible assets	3	-	(553)
Proceeds on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment		-	65
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	(75)
Payment for finance lease		-	(75)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		(22,965)	30,044
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		135,549	105,505
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	6	112,584	135,549

7. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Approved Budget R'000	Adjustments R'000	Final Budget R'000	Actual R'000	Variance R'000
REVENUE					
TOTAL REVENUE	74,217	2,800	102,017	134,528	80,243
Non-exchange revenue	74,217	2,800	99,217	131,444	79,959
Government grant/Transfer Department of Sport, Arts and Culture	74,217	-	74,217	74,217	-
Conditional grant received - Presidential Employment Stimulus Programme - %	25,000	-	25,000	1,134	23,866
Amortised Government – Programme Management Office Amortised Govt - @	-	-	-	2,310	2,310
Presidential Employment Stimulus Programme - @	-	-	-	53,783	53,783
Exchange revenue	-	2,800	2,800	3,084	284
Other income = #	-	-	-	284	284
Interest received	-	2,800	2,800	2,800	-
EXPENSES					
TOTAL EXPENSES (Excluding CAPEX)	(73,005)	257	(72,748)	(126,451)	(53,703)
Operating expenses	(14,224)	(1,427)	(15,651)	(16,470)	(819)
Administrative expenses	(14,634)	1,684	(12,950)	(12,957)	(7)
Conditional grant expenses -@	-	-	-	(51,786)	(51,786)
Employee related costs	(38,138)	-	(38,138)	(37,189)	949
Operating lease expenses	(6,009)	-	(6,009)	(5,646)	363
Depreciation - *	-	-	-	(2,139)	(2,139)
Amortisation - \$	-	-	-	(264)	(264)
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	1,212	2,543	29,269	8,077	26,540
Capital Expenditure - @	1,212	257	1,469	10,342	(8,873)

See Note 30 for significant budget variance explanations:

a - @ b - % c - # d - * e - \$

8. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. PRESENTATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Annual Financial Statements are presented in accordance with the prescribed Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) and in compliance with GRAP 1.18, the provisions of the Public Finance Management Act (Act 1 of 1999), as amended, as well as other applicable legislation, including any interpretations of such Statements issued by the Accounting Practices Board.

The preparation of annual financial statements in conformity with GRAP requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying accounting policies.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the annual financial statements are disclosed in the relevant notes.

The cash flow statement can only be prepared in accordance with the direct method.

Accounting policy developments include new standards issued, amendments to standards, and interpretation issued on new standards. Management assessed the impact of all new standards issued, amendments to standards, and interpretations issued on current standards.

Effect of new Standards of GRAP issued

At the date of approval of these annual financial statements, the following standards were issued but not yet effective. These approved standards of GRAP are not likely to impact the Annual Financial Statements when they are adopted since accounting policies have been determined based on the principles in these standards:

Standards

GRAP 1	Presentation on Financial Statements
GRAP 103	Heritage Assets
GRAP 104	Financial Instruments
GRAP 105	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control
GRAP 106	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control
GRAP 107	Mergers
Amendments	Improvements to Standards of GRAP

1.1 Judgments made by Management

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and related disclosures.

Historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances are used in these instances. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates. Significant judgment has been exercised in determining the following:

Fair value estimation

The amortised cost (using the effective interest method); less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The present value of future cash flows (using the effective interest method), is assumed to approximate the fair value of revenue and purchase transactions.

Impairment testing

The entity makes judgment as to whether there is observable data indicating a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a financial asset.

Provisions

Provisions are based on estimates using the information available to management at reporting date.

Depreciation

Assets are depreciated on their estimated useful lives based on management’s best judgement and experience.

Reassessment of useful lives

Annual reassessment of useful lives is performed to assist management by external experts.

Amortisation of assets

Assets are amortised on their estimated useful lives based on management’s best judgement and experience.

1.2 Basis of Preparation

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis. These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rands. The figures in annual financial statements are rounded to nearest thousand (R’000). The following are the principal accounting policies used by the National Heritage Council which are consistent with those of the previous year.

1.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:

- It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the National Heritage Council; and
- The cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment that qualifies for recognition as an asset shall be measured at its cost.

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The depreciable amounts of property, plant and equipment are allocated on systematic basis over their useful lives.

ITEM	AVERAGE USEFUL LIFE
Computer equipment	2 – 12 years or reassessed useful lives
Office equipment	2 – 12 years or reassessed
Motor vehicles	5 – 16 years or reassessed useful lives
Furniture and Fittings	2 – 13 years or reassessed useful lives
Leasehold Improvements	Remainder of lease period
Leased Office Equipment	3 years (33%)/ Lease term

Leasehold improvements and leased assets are depreciated over the period of the building lease agreement and lease term respectively. For all other categories, depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful life. Depreciation rates and residual values are considered annually and adjusted if appropriate.

The residual value and the useful life of each asset are reviewed at each financial period-end. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item shall be depreciated separately.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset. The gain or loss arising from de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised.

The gain or loss arising from de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceed, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

1.4 Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised when:

- It is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity; and
- The cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed every period-end.

Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets on a straight-line basis, to their residual values. The estimated useful lives of intangible assets is currently as follows:

ITEM	AVERAGE USEFUL LIFE
Computer software	2 years or reassessed useful lives

1.5 Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial instruments are recognised initially when the National Heritage Council becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

The National Heritage Council classifies financial instruments, or their component parts, on initial recognition as a financial asset or financial liability in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value. Financial assets and financial liabilities have not been offset in the Statement of Financial Position.

Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at initial recognition at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost which, due to their short-term nature, closely approximates their fair value. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in surplus or deficit when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired.

The allowance recognised is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at amortised cost.

Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are stated at fair value. Items classified within trade and other payables are not usually re-measured, as obligations are usually known with a high degree of certainty and its settlement is short term.

1.6 Taxation

Tax Expenses

The National Heritage Council is exempt from taxation in terms of Section 10 (1) (cA) (i) of the Income Tax Act.

The National Heritage Council is exempt from the payment of Value Added Tax (VAT) on the transfers and subsidies received. As a result, any VAT paid by the National Heritage Council is also not refundable by the South African Revenue Service.

1.7 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Operating Leases

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease asset.

Finance Leases

Finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

The discount rate used in calculating the present value of the minimum lease payments is the interest rate implicit in the lease.

The lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate on the remaining balance of the liability.

1.8 Impairment of assets

The National Heritage Council assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the National Heritage Council estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

1.9 Employee benefits

Short term benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and bonus), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

Leave liabilities are measured at the amount of leave days accrued at year-end and the cost-to-company rate per day as at reporting date.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

Defined contribution plans

Pension contributions are provided for employees by means of a defined contribution provident fund externally administered by Liberty Life. The defined contribution provident fund is governed by the Pension Funds Act, 1956. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.10 Accruals

Accruals are recognised when:

- The National Heritage Council has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- A reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

The amount of accruals is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation. Where some or all of the expenditure required in settling a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement shall be recognised when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the entity settles the obligation.

The reimbursement shall be treated as a separate asset. The amount recognised for the reimbursement shall not exceed the amount of the accruals. Accruals are not recognised for future operating deficits.

1.11 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Transfers and subsidies are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that:

- The National Heritage Council will comply with the conditions attaching to them; and
- The transfers and subsidies will be received.

Transfers and subsidies to which conditions are attached are recognised as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance to the extent that the entity has complied with any criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. To the extent that the criteria, conditions and obligations have not been met, a liability is raised in the Statement of Financial Position.

Unconditional transfers and subsidies are recognised as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance at the earlier of the date of receipt or when the amount is receivable. All transfers and subsidies are recognised at fair value.

1.12 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions comprises of the gross inflow of economic benefits or service potential during the reporting period when those inflows result in an increase in net assets.

1.13 Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been restated to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

The comparative figures shown in these financial statements are limited to the figures shown in the previous years audited financial statements and such other comparative figures that the National Heritage Council may reasonably have available for reporting in terms of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA).

1.14 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure, irregular expenditure and material losses through criminal conduct

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure, irregular expenditure and material losses through criminal conduct are disclosed in accordance with the requirements of the PFMA and the guidelines issued in terms of the PFMA when the entity identifies events that gave rise to the classification of these expenditures and the entity confirmed the classification as such. Receivables for the recovery of these expenditure are only recognised when there is a reasonable expectation that the amounts will be recovered. This expenditure is reduced by the amounts recoverable, condoned by NT or written off as irrecoverable. Any uncertainties to these expenditures are also disclosed.

1.15 Services received in kind

Services received in kind consist primarily of technical assistance received by the National Heritage Council and project group members. The National Heritage Council cannot reliably determine a fair value for this assistance, and as a result does not recognise the value of these services received in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.16 Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in note 31.

1.17 Budget Information

The National Heritage Council is subject to budgetary limits in the form of appropriations or budget authorisations (or equivalent), which is given effect through authorising legislation, appropriation or similar.

General purpose financial reporting by the National Heritage Council shall provide information on whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the legally adopted budget.

The annual financial statements and the budget are on the same accrual basis of accounting therefore a comparison with the budgeted amounts for the reporting period have been included in the Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

1.18 Related parties

The Council operates in an economic environment currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a result of the constitutional independence of all three spheres of government in South Africa, only national sphere of government will be related parties.

Key management is defined as being individuals with the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Core Business, Company Secretary and Head: Strategy Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation are the only positions regarded as being at key management level.

Close family members of key management are considered to be those family members who may be expected to influence or be influenced by key management individuals or other parties related to the entity.

Related party transactions do not require disclosure if the transactions occurred in a normal supplier/client relationship with more or less favourable conditions and which occurred with normal operating parameters established by that reporting entity's legal mandate.

1.19 Events after the reporting date

Events after the reporting date that are classified as adjusting events are accounted for in the financial statements. The events after the reporting date that are classified as non-adjusting events after the reporting date are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

1.20 Commitments

Items are classified as commitments where the entity commits itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of resources. Capital commitments are not recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability but are included in the disclosure notes in the following cases: approved and contracted commitments, approved and not contracted for, where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has been awarded at the reporting date; and where disclosure is required by a specific standard of GRAP.

1.21 Change in accounting estimates

Change in accounting estimates and errors – reassessment of useful lives

Most of our assets have reached their useful lives but are still in use. Management has therefore resolved to undergo a reassessment of useful lives at every financial year-end. An expert is sought to perform the reassessment. The financial implications of the reassessment process are found in note 2 of the financial statements.

1.22 Prior period error

The NHC shall account for a change in accounting policy resulting from the initial application of a Standard of GRAP in accordance with the specific transitional provisions if any in that standard; and when an entity changes an accounting policy upon initial application of a Standard of GRAP that does not include specific transitional provisions applying to that change, or changes an accounting policy voluntarily, it shall apply the change retrospectively.

1.23 Prepayment and advances

Prepayments and advances are recognised as assets when payment is made in advance of receiving goods or services, or before conditions are fulfilled. These are measured at historical cost and are only expensed once the goods or services are received, or the conditions have been met. Judgement is applied in assessing the fulfilment of conditions and potential impairment or write-off.

9. NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	March 2025			March 2024		
	Cost R'000	Accumulated Depreciation R'000	Net Value R'000	Cost R'000	Accumulated Depreciation R'000	Net Value R'000
Motor Vehicle	456	(326)	130	337	(321)	16
Computers	7,960	(2,361)	5,599	3,527	(2,252)	1,275
Office Equipment	633	(370)	263	495	(343)	152
Leasehold Improvements	4,729	(785)	3,944	2,133	(2,039)	94
Lease Assets (Photocopiers)	675	(16)	659	-	-	-
Furniture and Fittings	1,565	(1,372)	193	1,790	(1,480)	310
	16,018	(5,230)	10,788	8,282	(6,435)	1,847

	Opening Balance R'000	Additions R'000	Reassessment R'000	Derecognitions & Disposals R'000	Depreciation & Impairment R'000	Closing Balance R'000
Reconciliation 2025						
Motor Vehicle	16	-	119	-	(5)	130
Computers	1,275	5,433	-	(46)	(1,063)	5,599
Office Equipment	152	181	-	(2)	(68)	263
Leasehold Improvements	94	4,729	-	-	(879)	3,944
Lease Assets (Photocopiers)	-	675	-	-	(16)	659
Furniture and Fittings	310	-	-	(9)	(108)	193
	1,847	11,018	119	(57)	(2,139)	10,788

Impairment of R 66 000 on Property, plant & equipment has been recognised in the current year.

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Opening Balance R'000	Additions R'000	Reassessment R'000	Derecognitions & Disposals R'000	Depreciation & Impairment R'000	Closing Balance R'000
Reconciliation 2024						
Motor Vehicle	22	-	-	-	(6)	16
Computers	1,019	687	-	(12)	(419)	1,275
Office Equipment	198	-	-	-	(46)	152
Leasehold Improvements	418	-	-	-	(324)	94
Lease Assets (Photocopiers)	64	-	-	-	(64)	-
Furniture and Fittings	322	88	-	-	(100)	310
	2,043	775	-	(12)	(959)	1,847

An amount of R 209,000 was incurred during the current financial year for repairs and maintenance relating to property, plant, and equipment. This amount was expensed in the income statement and not capitalised as part of PPE.

A register containing the information required by section 55 of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) is available for inspection at the registered office of the National Heritage Council (NHC). The register reconciles to Note 2.

The NHC entered into a three (3) year rental agreement (leased assets) with ITEC Tiyende (Pty) Ltd for three (3) photocopy machines effective from 1 March 2025 which will end on 28 February 2028. *Refer to Finance Lease Obligation (See note 9).*

Pledge as security

None of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been pledged as security for any liabilities.

3. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	March 2025			March 2024		
	Cost R'000	Accumulated Amortisation R'000	Net Value R'000	Cost R'000	Accumulated Amortisation R'000	Net Value R'000
Computer Software	1,125	(1,026)	99	1,125	(762)	363
	1,125	(1,026)	99	1,125	(762)	363
	Opening Balance R'000	Additions R'000	Useful lives adjustment R'000	Derecognition R'000	Amortisation R'000	Closing Balance R'000
Reconciliation 2025						
Computer Software	363	-	-	-	(264)	99
	363	-	-	-	(264)	99
	Opening Balance R'000	Additions R'000	Useful lives adjustment R'000	Derecognition R'000	Amortisation R'000	Closing Balance R'000
Reconciliation 2024						
Computer Software	370	246	-	-	(253)	363
	370	246	-	-	(253)	363

A register containing the information required by section 55 of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) is available for inspection at the registered office of the National Heritage Council (NHC). The register reconciles to Note 3.

All software assets are acquired, there is no internally developed software.

Pledge as security

None of the Intangible assets have been pledged as security for any liabilities.

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
4. RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
Sundry Debtors	1,755	1,274
Staff Debtors	49	45
Provision for doubtful debt	(25)	-
Interest receivable	442	710
	2,221	2,029

Pledge as security

None of the receivables from exchange transactions have been pledged as security for any liabilities.

5. PREPAYMENTS AND ADVANCES

Funding/PMO		
Opening balance	14,731	20,995
Additions	27,236	12,580
Less: Expensed prepayments	(16,376)	(18,844)
Closing Balance	25,591	14,731
PESP		
Opening balance	61,109	40,260
Additions	21,260	51,910
Less: Expensed prepayments	(48,302)	(31,061)
Closing Balance	34,067	61,109
Total Prepayments	59,658	75,840

Prepayments consist of Funding projects, Project Management Office projects, Living Heritage projects, Liberation Heritage projects and Presidential Employment Stimulus Programme projects.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
Cash on hand	5	5
Cash at bank	112,578	135,543
Funds held on call deposit	1	1
Financial assets	112,584	135,549

Cash and Cash Equivalents Reconciliation

Petty Cash	5	5
Current Account – Operational Funds	38,455	53,038
Current Account – PMO	45,555	51,412
Current Account – Lotteries	21	21
Current Account – PESP	28,547	31,072
Call Deposit	1	1
	112,584	135,549

7. PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Financial liabilities	16,604	19,510
• Trade payables	16,551	19,510
• Salary related payables	53	-
Other Payables	345	122
• Operating lease payables	345	122
Financial liabilities	16,949	19,632

The operating lease is straight lined.

Included under trade payables is R 14.9 million of accumulated interest earned on ring-fenced conditional funds relating to Department of Sport, Arts and Culture.

See Note 26 on Financial Instruments on how risk is managed in relation to the financial liabilities listed above

8. CONDITIONAL GRANT

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	147,494	114,015
Conditional Grant/Transfers – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (PMO)	52,430	51,038
Conditional Grants/Transfers – (PESP)	95,064	62,977
Movement during the year – Receipts	25,000	62,280
Conditional Grant/Transfers - Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (PMO)	-	7,280
Conditional Grant/Transfers - Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (PESP)	25,000	55,000
Movement during the year – Conditions met	(61,370)	(28,801)
Conditional Grant/Transfers - Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (PMO)	(2,272)	(5,888)
Conditional Grant/Transfers - Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (PESP)	(59,098)	(22,913)
Balance at year end	111,124	147,494
Conditional Grant/Transfers - Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (PMO)	50,158	52,430
Conditional Grants/Transfers – (PESP)	60,966	95,064
Current portion	111,124	147,494
	111,124	147,494

The National Heritage Council (NHC) received conditional or ring- fenced grants was from Executive Authority or Shareholder (Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (DSAC)) for the implementation of the Resistance and Liberation Heritage Route – Project Management Office (PMO) and for the Presidential Employment Stimulus Programme (PESP). The NHC has received R 25 million for the PESP in the current year. No transfer was received for the PMO.

9. FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATION

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
Minimum Lease payments due		
• Within one year	159	-
• In second to fifth year inclusive	462	-
	675	-
Less: Future finance charges	-	-
Present value of future minimum lease payments	675	-
Present value of minimum lease payments due		
• Within one year	213	-
• In second to fifth year inclusive	462	-
	675	-
Current portion of finance lease obligation	213	-
Non-current portion of finance lease obligation	462	-
	675	-

In accordance with the National Heritage Council's policy to lease certain equipment under finance leases, the entity entered into a rental operational agreement with ITEC Tiyende (Pty) Ltd for three (3) photocopy machines. The agreement commenced on 1 March 2025 and will terminate on 28 February 2028, covering a period of three (3) years (36 months). The annual lease payment is R225,108.

Although the lease agreement does not result in the transfer of ownership of the assets to NHC at the end of the lease term, it is classified as a finance lease. This classification is based on the fact that the lease term constitutes a major part of the economic life of the assets.

10. LEAVE ACCRUAL

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
Opening balances	986	865
Leave accrual	986	865
Additions	959	986
Leave accrual	959	986
Utilised	(604)	(553)
Leave - Utilised	(604)	(553)
Reversed	(382)	(312)
Leave - Reversed	(382)	(312)
Closing balances	959	986
Leave accrual	959	986

Employees are entitled to 21,96 working days of annual leave. The leave is allocated at a monthly rate of 1,83 days. The annual leave cycle is the period from 1 April of one year to 31 March of the following year. All employees must utilise their accrued leave within six (6) months after the annual leave i.e. accrued leave must be utilised before 30 September of the following year. Should such leave not be utilised, it is forfeited.

The NHC does not pay employees in respect of unutilised leave balances except on termination of employment.

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
11. PROVISION FOR SALARY RELATED COSTS		
Acting Allowance	49	-
Salary provision	1,543	1,543
	1,592	1,543

Opening

Acting Allowance	-	47
Salary provision	1,543	2,535

Additions

Acting Allowance	49	-
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Utilised

Acting Allowance	-	(43)
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Reversed/Transferred

Acting Allowance	-	(4)
Salary Provision	-	(992)
	1,592	1,543

12. GOVERNMENT GRANT/TRANSFER

Grant/Transfer received – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture	74,217	74,021
	74,217	74,021

13. SPENT CONDITIONAL GRANT – CONDITIONS MET

Conditional Grant/Transfer/Partnerships		
Department of Sport, Arts and Culture – Project Management Office	2,310	5,888
Department of Sport, Arts and Culture – Presidential Employment Stimulus Programme	54,917	22,913
	57,227	28,801

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
14. OTHER INCOME		
Sundry Income	341	161
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of assets	(57)	44
	284	205

15. INTEREST RECEIVED

Interest received	2,800	2,994
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Interest revenue comprises of interest received on positive bank balances and funds invested on one-day call account. Interest revenue is accrued on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate over the period to maturity.

16. OPERATING EXPENSES

Legal fees	968	1,316
Legal Settlements	366	-
Heritage projects and programmes	65,764	46,995
Staff training and development	878	1,333
Maintenance, repairs and running costs	280	106
	68,256	49,750

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
17. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
General and Administrative expenses	10,993	12,204
Travel and Accommodation	1,964	871
	12,957	13,075

18. EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS

Basic salaries	30,235	29,996
Acting Allowance	964	190
Overtime	16	-
Employees contributions – Provident Fund	2,203	2,080
Employees contributions – UIF	100	85
Leave and bonus	669	314
Employer contributions – Provident Fund	2,203	2,080
Employer contributions – UIF	100	85
Employer contributions – SDL	325	299
Employer contributions – Medical Aid	374	469
	37,189	35,598

19. OPERATING LEASE EXPENSES

Office space	4,877	2,298
Parking	769	413
	5,646	2,711

Refer to Operating Leases. (See note 23)

20. FINANCE COSTS

Interest on leased assets	-	4
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	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
21. DEPRECIATION & IMPAIRMENT		
Depreciation	2,073	959
Impairment	66	-
	2,139	959

22. AMORTISATION

Intangible Assets	264	253
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23. OPERATING LEASES

The National Heritage Council entered into a rental agreement with the Facilities Company, effective from 1 July 2024. The office lease contract is for sixty (60) months at a cost of R5,840 million per annum, escalating at 5% per annum.

Lease commitments (operating leases)

Up to one year	6,059	799
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	21,830	-
	27,889	799

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
24. CASH GENERATED FROM OR (USED IN) OPERATIONS		
(Deficit) / Surplus for the year	8,077	3,671
Adjustments for:	(34,007)	34,855
• Depreciation – Property, Plant and Equipment	2,139	959
• Amortisation - Intangible Assets	264	253
• Movement in Leave and Acting Allowance	22	625
• (Gain) or loss of De-recognition of Property, Plant and Equipment	99	(44)
• Other Non-Cash – Finance Costs	-	4
• Liabilities Written Off	(221)	-
• Other Non-Cash – Bad debts	55	-
• Other Non-Cash – Operating Lease Accrual	6	(420)
• Other Non-Cash – Movement in Unspent Conditional Grant	(36,371)	33,478
Changes in working capital:	13,308	(7,232)
• Trade and Other Receivables	(192)	(1,112)
• Prepayments and Advances	16,181	(14,804)
• Trade and Other Payables	(2,683)	8,684
	(12,622)	31,294

25. RELATED PARTIES

Related party transactions (Receipts)		
Grant/Transfer – Recurring expenditure – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture	74,217	74,021
Grant/Transfer – non-exchange – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (Project Management Office)	-	7,280
Grant/Transfer – non-exchange – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (Presidential Employment Stimulus Programme)	25,000	55,000
	99,217	136,301

25. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Related party transactions (Payments)

Relationships

Controlling Entity	Department of Sport, Arts and Culture
Under common control	Loveline Artscape The Market Theatre and Windybrow Theatre National Arts Council Performing Arts Centre of the Free State The Playhouse Company The South African State Theatre Business and Arts South Africa National Film and Video Foundation Pan South African Language Board Boxing South Africa South African Institute for Drug-free Sport South African Sports Confederation and Olympic Committee The sports trust Various sport federations Die Afrikaanse Taalmuseum en -monument Freedom Park Iziko Museums Luthuli Museum KwaZulu-Natal Museum National Museum Nelson Mandela Museum Robben Island Museum South African Heritage Resources Agency Amazwi South African Museum of Literature uMsunduzi Museum War Museum of the Boer Republics William Humphreys Art Gallery Ditsong Museums of South Africa Engelenburg House Art Collection
Non-executive members	Refer to note 27
Members of key management	Refer to note 28

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Liquidity risk

The National Heritage Council is only exposed to liquidity risk with regards to the payment of its trade payables.

These trade payables are all due within the short-term. The National Heritage Council manages its liquidity risk by holding sufficient cash in its bank account, supplemented by cash available in a money market account.

Credit risk

Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, and trade debtors. The National Heritage Council only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any other counter-party.

Interest rate risk

The National Heritage Council's activities do not expose it to significant market interest rate risks. Therefore, there are no procedures in place to mitigate these risks.

1) Current and Call Account Interest Rate

- A percentage point increase/decrease in current account interest rate.
- A percentage point increase/ decrease in call account interest rate.
- A percentage point increase/ decrease in Finance Lease Agreement interest rate.

2025

Current & call account interest rate

Current Balance

	Current Balance R'000	A percentage point increase R'000	A percentage point decrease R'000
Current bank and call account Balance	112,584	113,710	111,458
% change		1%	-1%

Current & call account interest rate

Current Balance

Finance Lease Agreement	213	215	211
% change		1%	-1%

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

2024

Current & call account interest rate

Current Balance

	Current Balance R'000	A percentage point increase R'000	A percentage point decrease R'000
Current bank and call account Balance	135,549	136,905	134,194
% change		1%	1%

Current & call account interest rate

Current Balance

Finance Lease Agreement	-	-	-
% change		1%	-1%

1) An analysis of the ageing of Debtors that are more than 30 days

2025

Debtors type	Total R'000	Current R'000	30-120 R'000	120+ R'000
Staff Debtors	24	24	-	-
Sundry Debtors	725	-	-	725
Interest Receivable	442	442	-	-
Security Deposit	1,030	-	-	1,030
Totals	2,221	466	-	1,755

2) An analysis of the ageing of Debtors that are more than 30 days

2024

Debtors type

Staff Debtors	45	19	11	15
Sundry Debtors	252	-	-	252
Interest Receivable	710	710	-	-
Security Deposit	1,022	-	-	1,022
Totals	2,029	729	11	1,289

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

3) Financial Assets Subject to credit risk

2025

Debtors type	Total R'000	Fully Performing R'000	Over 30 days but not Impaired R'000	Impaired R'000
Staff Debtors	24	24	-	-
Other Debtors	725	-	725	-
Interest Receivable	442	442	-	-
Security Deposit	1,030	-	1,030	-
Totals	2,221	466	1,755	-

2024

Debtors type	Total R'000	Fully Performing R'000	Over 30 days but not Impaired R'000	Impaired R'000
Staff Debtors	45	30	15	-
Other Debtors	252	-	252	-
Interest Receivable	710	710	-	-
Security Deposit	1,022	-	1,022	-
Totals	2,029	740	1,289	-

4) Maturity Profile of Financial Instruments

31-Mar-25

Assets	1 year or less R'000	1-5 years R'000	Total R'000
Trade and other Receivables	2,221	-	2,221
Call Account	1	-	1
Current Account – National Lotteries Commission Funds	21	-	21
Current Account – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture –	38,455	-	38,455
Current Account – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture – Ring fenced – PMO	45,555	-	45,555
Current Account – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture – Ring fenced - PESP	28,547	-	28,547
Cash on hand	5	-	5
Total Financial assets	114,805	-	114,805

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	1 year or less R'000	1-5 years R'000	Total R'000
Finance lease	(213)	(462)	(675)
Trade and other Payables	(16,949)	-	(16,949)
Total Finance Liability	(17,162)	(462)	(17,624)
Net Financial Asset/liability	97,643	(462)	97,181

5) Maturity Profile of Financial Instruments

31-Mar-24

Assets

Trade and other Receivables	2,029		2,029
Call Account	1	-	1
Current Account – Lotteries National Commission Funds	21	-	21
Current Account – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture –	53,038	-	53,038
Current Account – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture – Ring fenced – PMO	51,412	-	51,412
Current Account – Department of Sport, Arts and Culture – Ring fenced - PESP	31,072	-	31,072
Cash on hand	5	-	5
Total Financial assets	137,578	-	137,578

Liabilities

Finance lease	-	-	-
Trade and other Payables	(19,632)	-	(19,632)
Total Finance Liability	(19,632)	-	(19,632)
Net Financial Asset/liability	117,946	-	117,946

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

5) Line items presented in the statement of financial position summarised per category of Financial Instrument

2025

	Carrying Amount R'000	Adjustment R'000	Fair value R'000
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash equivalents	112,584	-	112,584
Trade and other receivables	2,221	-	2,221
Financial Liability			
Finance lease Agreement	213	-	213
Trade and other Payables	16,949	-	16,949

Line items presented in the statement of financial position summarised per category of Financial Instrument

2024

	Carrying Amount R'000	Adjustment R'000	Fair value R'000
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash equivalents	135,549	-	135,549
Trade and other receivables	2,029	-	2,029
Financial Liability			
Finance lease Agreement	-	-	-
Trade and other Payables	19,632	-	19,632

Pledge as security

None of the Financial Assets have been pledged as security for any liabilities.

27. MEMBERS EMOLUMENTS - NON-EXECUTIVE

NON-EXECUTIVE 2025

Names and Designations

	Honoraria R'000	Travel R'000	Honoraria non-committee R'000	Data Reimbursement R'000	Total R'000
Mr E Neluvhalani (Chairperson)##	134	16	71	30	251
Mr J Sithole (Deputy Chairperson)##	179	1	16	-	196
Mr T Tsehlana ##	54	-	-	-	54
Mrs L Robinson	49	2	-	1	52
Ms E Tlhoale	128	11	-	-	139
Mr J Phillips	40	-	-	-	40
Buhle Tonisa	27	1	-	-	28
Dr G Dominy	103	8	5	-	116
Adv Hosi A Mahumani	57	20	-	-	77
Mr O Mereki	106	-	-	-	106
Ms N Sizani	70	1	-	-	71
Ms R Mabaso	30	-	-	-	30
Dr Rev Mculwane	5	-	-	-	5
Ms E Netshivhongweni	70	25	46	-	141
Adv M Ralefatane	114	-	-	-	114
Ms S Sithole	81	-	-	-	81
Eben Proos*	38	-	-	-	38
L Mphahlwa	52	-	-	-	52
E Kibini	86	-	-	-	86
S Nzimande	101	-	-	-	101
Dr T Mosala	73	1	-	-	74
S Nkosi	119	34	40	-	193
Bongani Mnguni*	11	3	-	-	14
Bernado Maralack*	3	-	-	-	3
Sepheu Masemola*	49	18	89	-	156
Thato Magogodi*	11	5	-	-	16
Reyhana Gani*	39	-	-	-	39

27. MEMBERS EMOLUMENTS - NON-EXECUTIVE (continued)

NON-EXECUTIVE 2025 (continued)

Names and Designations

	Honoraria R'000	Travel R'000	Honoraria non-committee R'000	Data Reimbursement R'000	Total R'000
Jacelyn Scott*	44	-	-	-	44
Khwezi Kunene*	51	1	-	-	52
Nkululeko Khumalo*	30	5	-	-	35
Makgola Makgopa*	36	-	-	-	36
Natalie Skeepers*	28	-	-	-	28
Audit and Risk Committee					
Mr T Zororo – Independent	67	-	-	-	67
Ms M Phiri – Independent	129	1	-	-	130
Mr J Van Der Walt – Independent	27	-	-	-	27
	2,241	153	267	31	2,692

##Lapsed

Appointment Terminated/Resigned

*Appointed in 2024/25

NON-EXECUTIVE 2024

Names and Designations

	Honoraria R'000	Travel R'000	Honoraria non-committee R'000	Travel Non-Committee R'000	Total R'000
Mr E Neluvhalani (Chairperson)	229	17	9	5	260
Mr J Sithole (Deputy Chairperson)	170	-	24	-	194
Mr T Tsehlana	70	1	5	2	78
Mrs L Robinson	76	2	-	-	78
Ms E Tlhoale	130	15	-	-	145
Ms L Moroane	29	-	3	-	32
Mr J Phillips	94	-	-	-	94
Adv M Makhura #	5	-	-	-	5
Dr G Dominy	117	1	73	-	191
Adv Hosi A Mahumani	109	13	5	-	127
Mr O Mereki	95	-	3	-	98
Ms N Sizani	129	4	-	-	133

27. MEMBERS EMOLUMENTS - NON-EXECUTIVE (continued)

NON-EXECUTIVE 2024 (continued)

Names and Designations

	Honoraria R'000	Travel R'000	Honoraria non-committee R'000	Travel Non-Committee R'000	Total R'000
Ms R Mabaso	92	2	5		99
Dr Rev Mculwane	32	-	-	-	32
Ms E Netshivhongweni	213	-	-	-	213
Dr P Madlala	27	-	-	-	27
Adv M Ralefatane	140	5	-	-	145
Ms S Sithole	120	3	1	-	124
Ms K Rapoo #	60	-	-	-	60
L Mphahlwa *	41	1	2	-	44
E Kibini *	39	-	-	-	39
S Nzimande *	27	-	-	-	27
Dr T Mosala *	33	-	-	-	33
S Nkosi *	53	-	-	-	53
Audit and Risk Committee					
Mr T Zororo – Independent	53	-	-	-	53
Ms M Phiri – Independent	90	-	-	-	90
Mr J Van Der Walt – Independent	33	-	-	-	33
	2,306	64	130	7	2,507

##Lapsed

Appointment Terminated/Resigned

*Appointed in 2022/23

28. MEMBERS EMOLUMENTS - EXECUTIVE

EXECUTIVE: 2025

Designations	Effective Date	Basic Salary R'000	Acting Allowance R'000	Travel Allowance R'000	Medical R'000	Resignation Leave R'000	Provident Fund R'000	Settlements R'000	Long Service R'000	Total R'000
Chief Executive Officer	1 August 2024	1,437	86	-	-	-	250	-	-	1,773
Acting Chief Financial Officer#	1 April 2024	246	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	267
Chief Financial Officer	1 September 2024	1,091	-	-	29	-	193	-	-	1,313
Company Secretary	1 April 2024	1,378	-	231	50	-	283	-	-	1,942
Head: Strategy Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation	1 April 2024	1,540	-	-	40	-	272	-	-	1,852
Acting Core Business Head@	1 April 2024	-	460	-	-	-	-	-	-	460
		5,692	546	231	119	21	998	-	-	7,607

EXECUTIVE: 2024

Designations	Effective Date	Basic Salary R'000	Acting Allowance R'000	Travel Allowance R'000	Medical R'000	Resignation Leave R'000	Provident Fund R'000	Settlements R'000	Long Service R'000	Total R'000
Chief Executive Officer	1 April 2023	2,166	-	-	60	-	382	-	-	2,608
Company Secretary	15 July 2023	925	-	168	35	-	206	-	-	1,334
Head: Strategy Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation *	1 April 2023	219	43	25	7	101	32	-	-	427
Head: Strategy Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation	15 July 2023	983	-	-	29	-	194	-	-	1,206
Chief Financial Officer	16 April 2023	1,658	-	-	20	-	308	-	-	1,986
Head: Core Business	1 April 2023	1,271	-	-	-	-	224	-	-	1,495
Acting Chief Financial Officer#	1 April 2023	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
		7,222	56	193	151	101	1,346	-	-	9,069

Vacant – Received Acting Allowance

* Resigned

29. GOING CONCERN

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that the funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business. Nothing has come to the attention of Management and Accounting Authority to indicate that the organisation would not remain a going concern for the foreseeable future, based on forecasts and its liquidity.

30. BUDGET VARIANCES

- a) The actual revenue recognised from conditional grants amounted to R53,783 million for the PESP and R2,310 million for the PMO. This was based on reports received from programme beneficiaries by 31 March 2025. Weekly engagements by the Finance and Funding team assisted in expediting the submission and verification of outstanding reports. These efforts also enabled recognition of corresponding expenditure of R51,786 million for PESP. The variance from the budgeted revenue is primarily due to timing differences in report submissions, which directly impact revenue recognition under the grant conditions.
- b) An amount of R23,866 million in PESP grant funding remained unspent at year-end due to delays in the adjudication and appointment of programme beneficiaries. As a result, planned payments to beneficiaries could not be executed within the current financial year. In accordance with the conditions of the grant, the unspent funds remain committed and will be utilised in the new financial year, once all appointments and compliance processes have been completed. The variance between the budgeted and actual expenditure reflects timing delays rather than a reduction in planned programme activity.
- c) The variance of R284 thousand arises primarily from fair value adjustments processed during the current financial year. This includes the reversal of strategic project accruals that had been recorded in the prior year.
- d) The depreciation of R2,139 thousand is an increase in depreciation expense attributed to the acquisition of additional assets during the year, which were capitalised in accordance with the asset capitalisation policy. These assets contributed to a higher depreciation charge.
- e) Amortisation of R264 thousand, the amortisation variance arose due to a new operational rental agreement entered with ITEC Tiyende (Pty) Ltd for the lease of three (3) photocopy machines. The lease commenced on 1 March 2025 and will terminate on 28 February 2028. Although the lease is classified as operational, certain setup and related costs were recognised and amortised in line with the agreement's terms and applicable accounting treatment.

31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	2025 R'000	2024 Restated R'000
CCMA matter that is ongoing with a former colleague estimated settlements costs.	-	75,000
Ongoing case with Atlantis Travel with a settlement plus cost order to be paid out.	-	96,000
Legal costs in the appeal case that is referred to labour court against the Exe Core Business.	-	100,000
Total	-	271,000

During the current financial year, all previously reported contingent liabilities were resolved through legal settlement, finalisation of court processes. As a result, no contingent liabilities exist as at year-end. Any related costs have been recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance where applicable.

32. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The entity has no segments to report and operates as a single integrated entity.

33. IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Irregular Expenditure and Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

Irregular Expenditure	2,958	6,952
Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	-	77
	2,958	7,029

Of the total amount, R1,598,000 relates to non-compliance with the National Treasury Regulations, specifically regarding procurement processes that did not adhere to prescribed supply chain management procedures and R1,359,968 was incurred as a result of the irregular appointment of a management officials, which did not comply with applicable recruitment and selection policies.

34. PRIOR PERIOD ERROR

The prior year comparatives have been restated due to the identification of errors and misclassifications in previous financial periods. These errors were corrected retrospectively, and the impact is reflected in the affected financial statement line items.

The effect of the above errors is as follows:

Statement of Financial Position

Effect	Nature	Audited Balance for 2023/24 R'000	Error Adjustment R'000	Restated Balance for 2023/24 R'000
Net increase in property, plant and equipment	Reclassification of assets which relates IT Equipment and Furniture and Fittings for which were previously reclassified as an expense	1,804	43	1,847
Net decrease in intangible assets	Subscription fees which were capitalised should have been expenses	670	(307)	363
Net decrease in prepayments	Expensing of reports from beneficiaries that were previously not expensed	92,118	(16,061)	75,839
	Reclassification of Rent deposit		(218)	
Net decrease in conditional grant	Expenses reports received and to adjust the deferred income relating prior year projects	(153,382)	5,888	(147,494)
Net Increase in Salary related provision	Recognition of the provision previous not recognised refer to NOTE 31 Contingency Liabilities	-	(1,543)	(1,543)
Net Increase in Receivables from exchange transactions	Reclassification of Rent deposit	1,811	218	2,029
Net decrease in the Statement of Net Assets			(11,980)	

Statement of Financial Performance

Net increase in prepayments	Expensing of reports from beneficiaries that were previously not expensed	33,597	16,061	49,750
Net increase in Operational Expenditure	Reclassification of IT equipment (R31) and Subscriptions (61)		92	
Net decrease in Administrative Expenses	Reclassification of IT equipment (R31) and Subscriptions (61)	13,167	(92)	13,075
Net increase in Amortised conditional grant	Expenses reports receive relating to prior year projects	(22,913)	(5,888)	28,801
Net Increase in Employee Related Costs	Recognition of the provision previous not recognised refer to NOTE 31 Contingency Liabilities	34,055	1,543	35,598
Net decrease in Surplus			11,716	

Disclosure notes

Net decrease in contingent liabilities	Reclassification of a contingent liability into a provision	992	(992)	-
Net decrease in Surplus			(992)	



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